

ATLL 2018 SPECIAL RULES FOR AAA AMERICAN DIVISION

The following ATLL 2018 Special Rules for AAA American supplement those contained in The 2018 Little League Official Regulations and Playing Rules “The Green Book.” Changes from last season are **highlighted**:

- Regulation Game. A regulation game shall consist of a minimum of three (3) complete innings; game time is not to exceed 2 hours in length or six (6) innings, whichever comes first. No new inning shall start after 1 hour 50 minutes has elapsed.
- Pledge. Before the start of the game, the teams will line-up on the 1st and 3rd base lines while the Pledge of Allegiance & Little League Pledge are recited.
- Hand Shake. At the conclusion of the game, each team will line-up and shake hands as a sign of sportsmanship.
- Position Rotation. Nine (9) defensive players. Broad rotation is strongly encouraged. All players should play both infield and outfield positions. However, not everyone must be played in positions requiring specialized skills (e.g.: pitcher, catcher, 1st base).
- Continuous Batting. All players on each team shall bat in continuous rotation. No changes in batting order shall be made as a result of field substitution. An umpire shall call balls & strikes, but there will be no bases-on-balls awarded when the coach is pitching.
- **Bats. Little League International has instituted new bat rules for the 2018 season. All bats used in Little League must have a USA Baseball sticker on the bat. Bats can be as large as 2 5/8” diameter on the barrel. For detailed information on the new Little League bat standards go here: <http://www.littleleague.org/learn/equipment/baseballbatinfo/USA-Baseball-Bat-Standard-FAQs.htm>**
Penalties for use of a non-approved bat include the batter being out and the possible ejection of the manager. See Rule 6.06(d) in the Green Book for details.
- Leading Off. No leading off base is allowed.
- Base Stealing. There are no “straight steals” in AAA American. Runners will be allowed to advance one base, at their own discretion, in the event of a passed ball or wild pitch only while a player is pitching. In application of this rule, runners may only advance to second or third base; No advancement to home is permitted. The fielding team is permitted to attempt to throw the runner out as he or she attempts to advance. The runner may not advance more than one base, even if, for example, a throw to a base is errant. Generally, a pitch blocked by a catcher and kept in front of him or her will not be considered as a “passed ball” or “wild pitch.” Generally, a pitch must get “behind the umpire” to allow a runner to attempt to advance. The umpire will have broad discretion in determining the proper application of this rule. Further, managers should use discretion in applying this rule when no backstop is present (especially due to a move of home plate due to a wet field, etc.)

- Live Ball. Balls thrown back to the pitcher from the catcher are dead balls and not playable. The ball shall be considered dead and no runner may advance once the ball has been thrown to the pitcher and the pitcher is at the “pitching area” (an area 18 feet in diameter). **In general, on a hit into the outfield, coaches may only allow runners to advance until the ball is returned to the infield. A double, triple or homerun may be hit. Exception: On a ground ball fielded by an infielder, runners may not advance on an overthrow to any base.**
- Umpire. Each team will furnish one umpire for each game. The home team is responsible for the home plate umpire.
- Base Distance. The base distance will be sixty (60) feet.
- Pitching. The pitching distance shall be forty-two (42) feet. A manager, coach or adult assistant shall pitch to his own team in each of the following innings: First, Third, Fifth. A player shall pitch to the opposing team in each of the following innings: Second, Fourth, Sixth. When a manager, coach, or adult assistant is pitching, a player from the opposing team shall play the position of pitcher for fielding purposes. A manager, coach or adult assistant shall take efforts to avoid fielding or participating in a defensive play. There shall be no bases on balls when a manager, coach or adult assistant is pitching; however, strikes and strikeouts are called. If a batter is hit by a pitch when a manager, coach or adult assistant is pitching, the manager, coach or adult assistant shall have the discretion to allow the batter to continue batting instead of being awarded first base.
- Uncaught third strike. NOT IN EFFECT.
- Balks. NOT IN EFFECT.
- Infield Fly Rule. NOT IN EFFECT.
- Headfirst Slide. No head first sliding is allowed unless returning to a base.
- On-Deck Batter. Not permitted. No player shall handle a bat until it is his/her time at bat.
- Base Coaches. The offensive team may use two (2) adult base coaches.
- Managers and Coaches Entering Field of Play. Except when serving as on-field first or third base coaches, managers and coaches shall ask and be granted permission of an umpire before entering the field of play for any reason, including when conducting a defensive or offensive conference or when consulting with an umpire regarding a ruling. No more than one manager or coach from a team may enter the field of play when conducting a defensive or offensive conference or when consulting with an umpire regarding a ruling. Similarly, on-field coaches shall ask and be granted permission of an umpire before leaving the first or third coaching boxes during an inning.
- Offensive Interference/”Throwing the Bat”. Umpires shall have broad discretion to call offensive interference in instances of batters “throwing the bat” to promote the safety of all participants. In the umpire’s discretion this may include the issuance of warnings or the declaration of the batter or batter-runner out. In general, the issuance of a warning to a batter or batter-runner is appropriate on a first offense. In general, the declaration of the same batter or batter-runner out is appropriate on a second offense.
- Spectator Seating. Umpires shall have broad discretion to control the placement and seating of spectators. Spectators shall not position themselves directly behind the backstop, nor shall they interfere with, or attempt to influence, the calling of balls and strikes.

- Run Limits/Mercy Rule. Upon the scoring by a team of five runs the half-inning is complete. This rule does not apply to the final inning—e.g. If the last inning of the game is inning five due to time constraints, both managers and home plate umpire must agree that this is the final inning prior to the first pitch of the top of the fifth. If all parties, prior to the start of inning five, agree and determine that inning five will be the final inning, the five run rule does not apply to either half of the inning.
If after four innings (three and one-half innings if the home team is ahead), one team has a lead of ten runs or more, the manager of the team with the least runs shall concede the victory to the opponent.
- Rescheduling of Games. A game that is not started due to weather or other cause shall be rescheduled. The home team manager is responsible to contact the Field Coordinator to have the game rescheduled, and to coordinate the revised game time with the visiting team’s manager.

PITCHING

Pitchers of the listed league ages (age as of May 1st) must adhere to the following pitch counts and calendar days of rest:

Pitching Summary

Age	Maximum Pitches
7-8	50

Pitches	Days Rest
36-50	2
21—35	1
Under 20	none

If a pitcher reaches his pitch count in the middle of an at-bat, the pitcher is permitted to continue pitching until that at-bat is complete. Any “extra” pitches are counted toward that player’s pitch count and shall be factored into the calculation of the required days of rest for that player.

A player once removed from the position of pitcher during a game may not return as a pitcher.

A pitcher who delivers forty-one or more pitches in a game cannot play the position of catcher for the remainder of that day.

Any player, who has played the position of catcher in four (4) or more innings (or any parts of four innings) in a game, is not eligible to pitch on that calendar day.

When a pitcher takes his position at the beginning of each inning he shall be permitted to pitch no more than eight preparatory pitches which shall consume no more than one minute of time.

A manager/coach is allowed to visit with a pitcher “at the mound” three (3) times in an inning (a

pitching change must occur on the third visit).

While fielding their position (whether during a game, practice or other ATLL-affiliated activity), all pitchers must wear a protective helmet. To be in compliance with this rule, players must wear either (1) one of the helmets provided to the team by ATLL, or (2) a helmet substantially similar to those provided to the team by ATLL, as determined by the umpire (game situations) or manager (practice situations) in his/her sole discretion.

GAME PRELIMINARIES

Home Team Responsibilities:

- Provide one new game ball.
- Provide a Home Plate Umpire.
- Prepare, rake (must be certified for APD fields) and line the fields.
- Measuring for placement of bases (supply bases).
- Occupy the 1st base dugout.
- After the game, rake and repair the field if needed and remove/collect all trash or items left at the field.

Visitor Team Responsibilities:

- Provide one new game ball as the back-up ball.
- Provide an infield Umpire.
- Supply a U.S. flag, and lead all in the Pledge of Allegiance & Little League Pledge.
- Occupy the 3rd base dugout.
- To assist the home team manager, coaches and parents in preparing the field for play (especially when the field is wet).
- Remove/collect all trash or items left at the field.

WARM-UP AND INFIELD PRACTICE

- Visiting team infield practice commences at 25 minutes prior to the start time of the game for 10 minutes.
- Home team infield practice commences at 15 minutes prior to the start time of the game for 10 minutes.
- If normal infield practice time is not available, the teams shall equally split whatever time is available.